

Advancing Science & Practice in the Retail Environment

Retail tobacco policy efforts and barriers to implementation in the US

Insights from local practitioners

Stephanie Andersen | May 11, 2021









The tobacco retail environment

Industry spends nearly \$1,000,000 an hour on retail advertising and price discounts

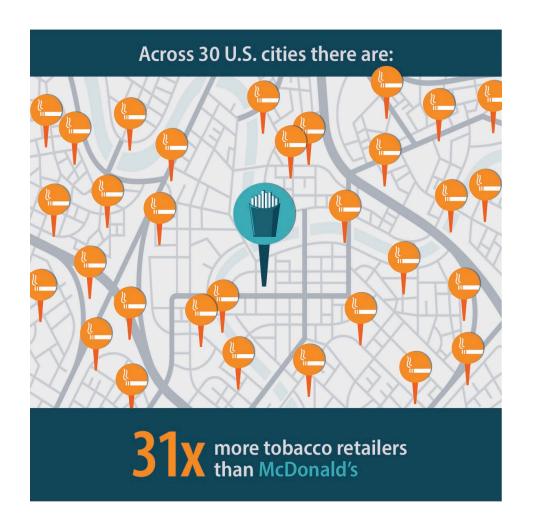






The tobacco retail environment

- 400,000 tobacco retailers
- 14,000 McDonalds
- 15,000 Starbucks



The retail environment and COVID-19

- Tobacco sales increased by 13% during lockdown¹
- Vape shops frequently did not comply with nonessential business closure orders²
- 1 in 5 tobacco users stockpiled vape products²



Photo by Tim Mossholder on Unsplash

- 1. Lee BP, Dodge JL, Leventhal A, Terrault NA. Retail Alcohol and Tobacco Sales During COVID-19. Ann Intern Med. Published online March 2, 2021. doi: 10.7326/M20-7271
- 2. Berg CJ, Callanan R, Johnson TO, et al. Vape shop and consumer activity during COVID-19 non-essential business closures in the USA. *Tobacco Control*. Published online October 18, 2020. doi:10.1136/tobaccocontrol-2020-056171

ASPiRE Center

- Filling gaps in evidence about the retail environment
- Exploring effects of different retail policies
- Helping communities by translating and sharing evidence about what works



Advancing Science & Practice in the Retail Environment

ASPiRE Center



Big City Tobacco Control

Understanding the effect of the retail environment on tobacco use in big cities

Co-leads: Lisa Henriksen & Jodi Prochaska

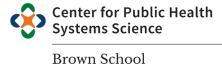


Retailer Density & Disease

Examining the effect of retailer density on tobacco-related disease

Co-leads: Kurt Ribisl & Shelley Golden





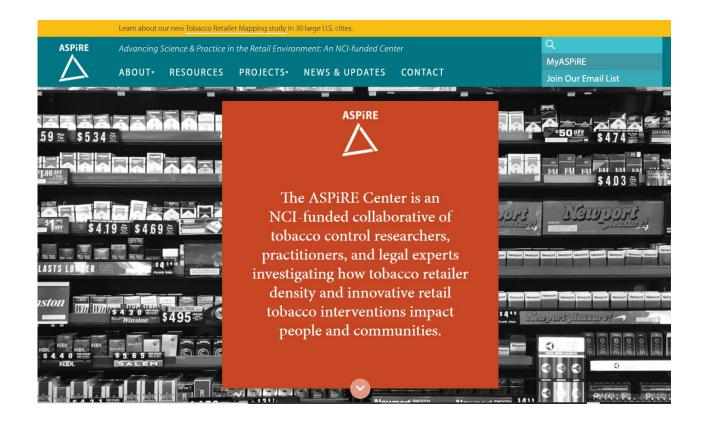
Tobacco Town

Modeling the impacts of different retail policy options

Co-leads: Douglas Luke & Ross Hammond



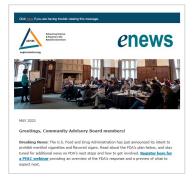
ASPIRE D&I Core



https://aspirecenter.org/







ASPiRE Community Advisory Board

1 in 6 adults

lives in an ASPiRE CAB city



Interviews with 30 big cities

- Retail policy activity
- Barriers & opposition
- Helpful resources



Types of retail policy



Place-based

- Licensing
- Store type sales restrictions
- Distance from places youth visit
- Retailer to retailer distance

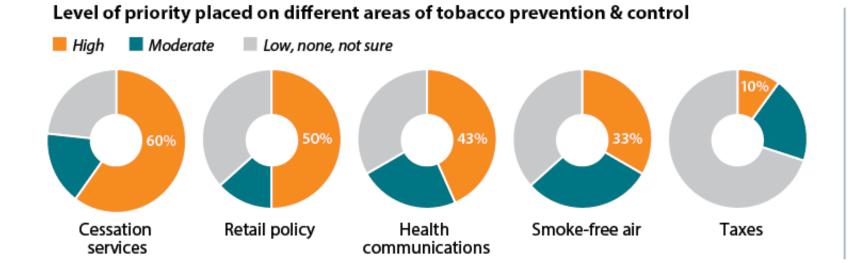


Product-based

- Tobacco 21
- Flavor restrictions
- Prohibiting discounts or coupon redemption
- Outdoor ad restrictions



Cities prioritize retail policy



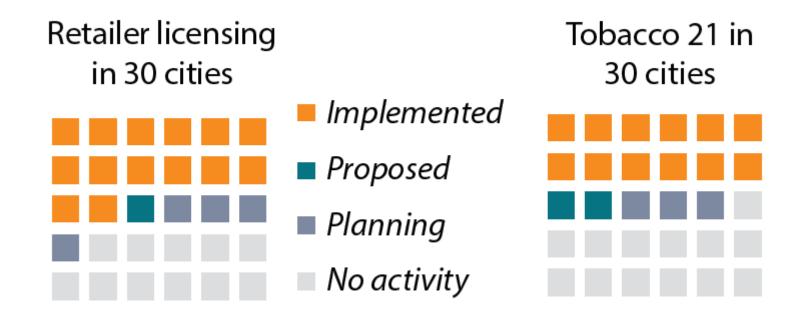
Proportion of cities that include retail policy in their strategic plan





But progress is slow

- Cities implemented 2.7 policies on average
- Most activity was in retail licensing and Tobacco 21

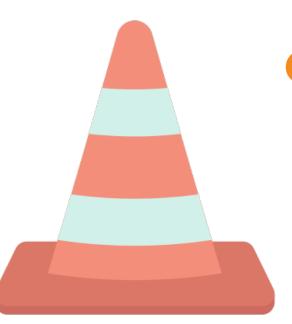




Lack of political will & industry activity top barriers

Lack of political will

That's the biggest challenge, is how to make it a bread and butter issue for community members, elected officials."



Industry opposition

The industry's a big barrier, and there's the fact that they come to all the hearings and say whatever they want to say."



Industry-led groups organized vocal opposition

- Tobacco industry
- Retailer
 associations
 (often organized
 by industry)
- Vaping industry



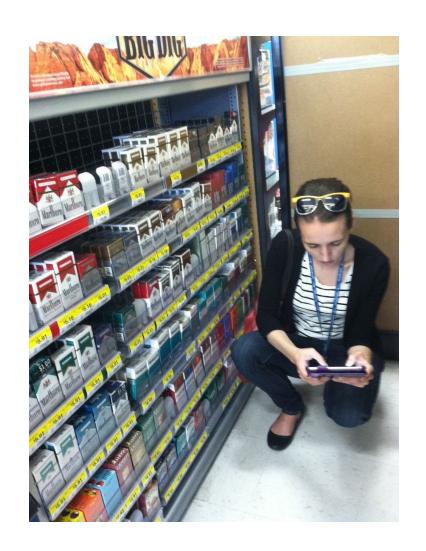
Partnerships essential to overcome opposition





Store assessments are useful education tool

- Retailer education helped gain cooperation
- Mobile apps allowed for less intrusive data collection
- Many cities modified tools to better reflect the local retail environment and priorities



Preemption limits local control

- Nearly half of cities reported being preempted in at least one of four areas of tobacco control (licensing, advertising, smoke-free air, or youth access)
- Cities that reported being preempted in at least one tobacco policy area reported low levels of local retail policy activity.





Cities lack capacity for enforcement

Inadequate funding & staff

COne of the primary challenges is that law enforcement never has the staff. They're notoriously short on funding and people power.



Competing priorities

They're going to prioritize problems that seem more urgent. Drug, alcohol, and violence problems are always going to take precedence.



Retailer compliance challenges cities

- Claiming retailer did not receive inspection notices
- Claiming retailer falls outside distance restrictions
- Failing to post signage of age requirement
- Putting products out-of-sight
- Sectioning off areas of the store or building internal walls to identify as an adult-only retailer



Cities find creative solutions

- Retailer education & resources
- Amendments to fill loopholes
- Research & support for enforcement agencies
- Funding for enforcement
- More inspections



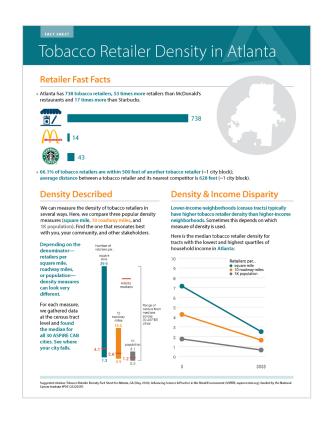
A partir del <u>1 de octubre de 2018:</u>
NUEVA ORDENANZA DE TABACO
prohibirá la venta o provisión de
productos de tabaco a una
persona <u>menor de 21</u> años en la
ciudad de San Antonio.



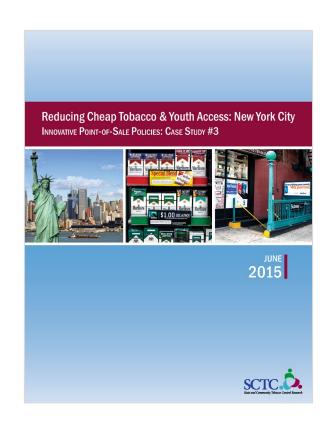
Rev. 5.29.18

From San Antonio's
T21 Community Education Toolkit

Cities need more data and case studies



Research & evaluation data

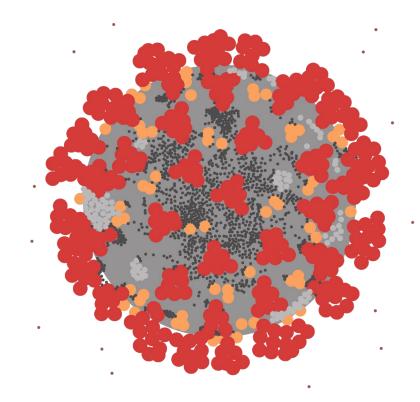


Case studies



How will the COVID-19 pandemic impact retail policy?

- Continued lack of political will
- Greater need for evidence to raise awareness of importance of retail policy
- Competing priorities for tobacco control staff



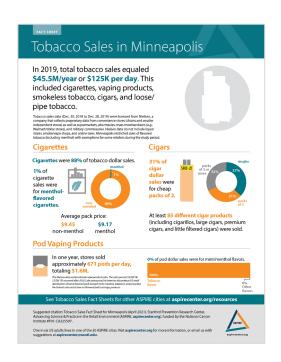


Read the full report





Check out our other resources



Fact sheets



Social media graphics



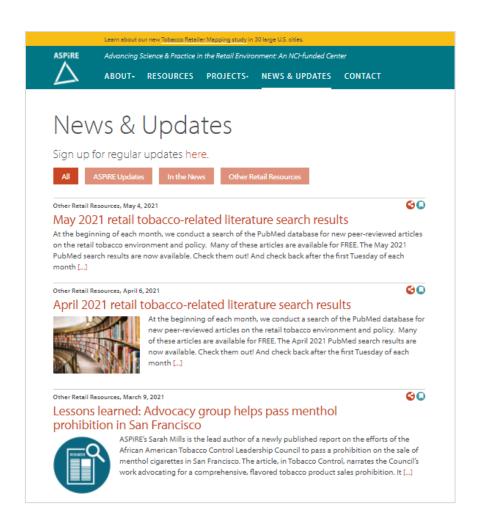
Research articles

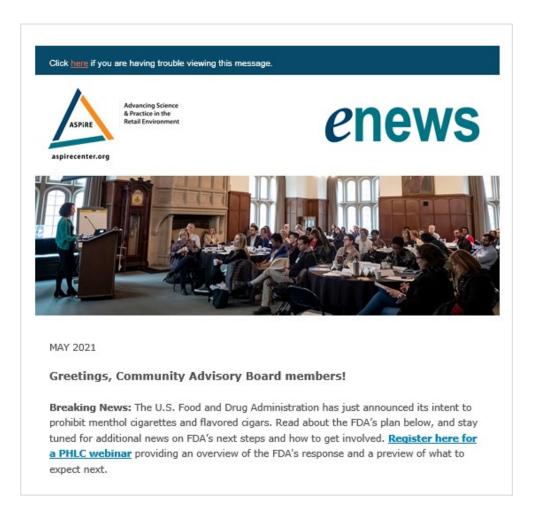


Interactive maps

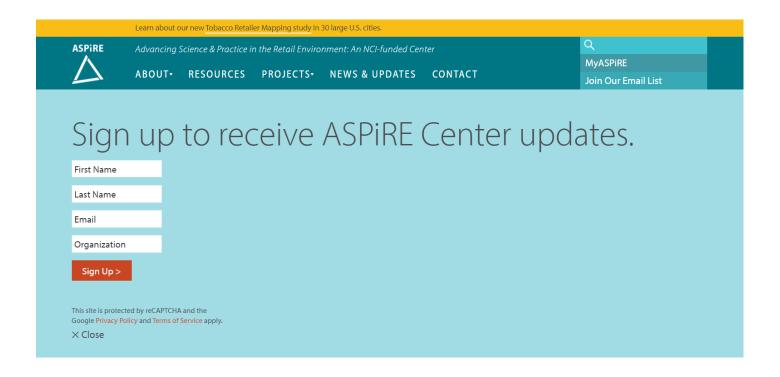
https://aspirecenter.org/resources

Get the latest retail news and research





Thank you!



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