

# Tobacco Retailer Density in Philadelphia

## Retailer Fast Facts

- ▶ Philadelphia has **2,548 tobacco retailers**, **62 times more** retailers than McDonald's restaurants and **44 times more** than Starbucks.



2,548



41



58



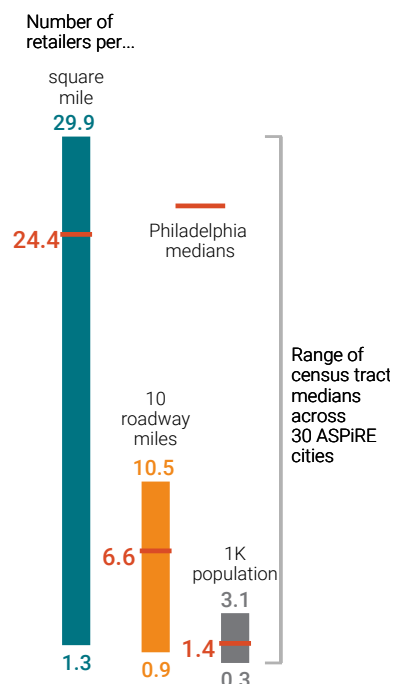
- ▶ **56.7% of tobacco retailers are within 500 feet of another tobacco retailer** (~1 city block); **average distance** between a tobacco retailer and its nearest competitor is **557 feet** (~1 city block).

## Density Described

We can measure the density of tobacco retailers in several ways. Here, we compare three popular density measures (**square mile**, **10 roadway miles**, and **1K population**). Find the one that resonates best with you, your community, and other stakeholders.

**Depending on the denominator—retailers per square mile, roadway miles, or population—density measures can look very different.**

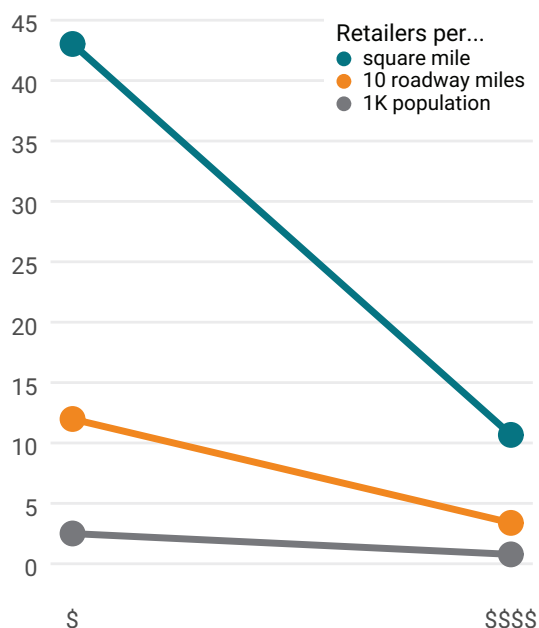
For each measure, we gathered data at the census tract level and **found the median for all 30 ASPIRE CAB cities**. See where your city falls.



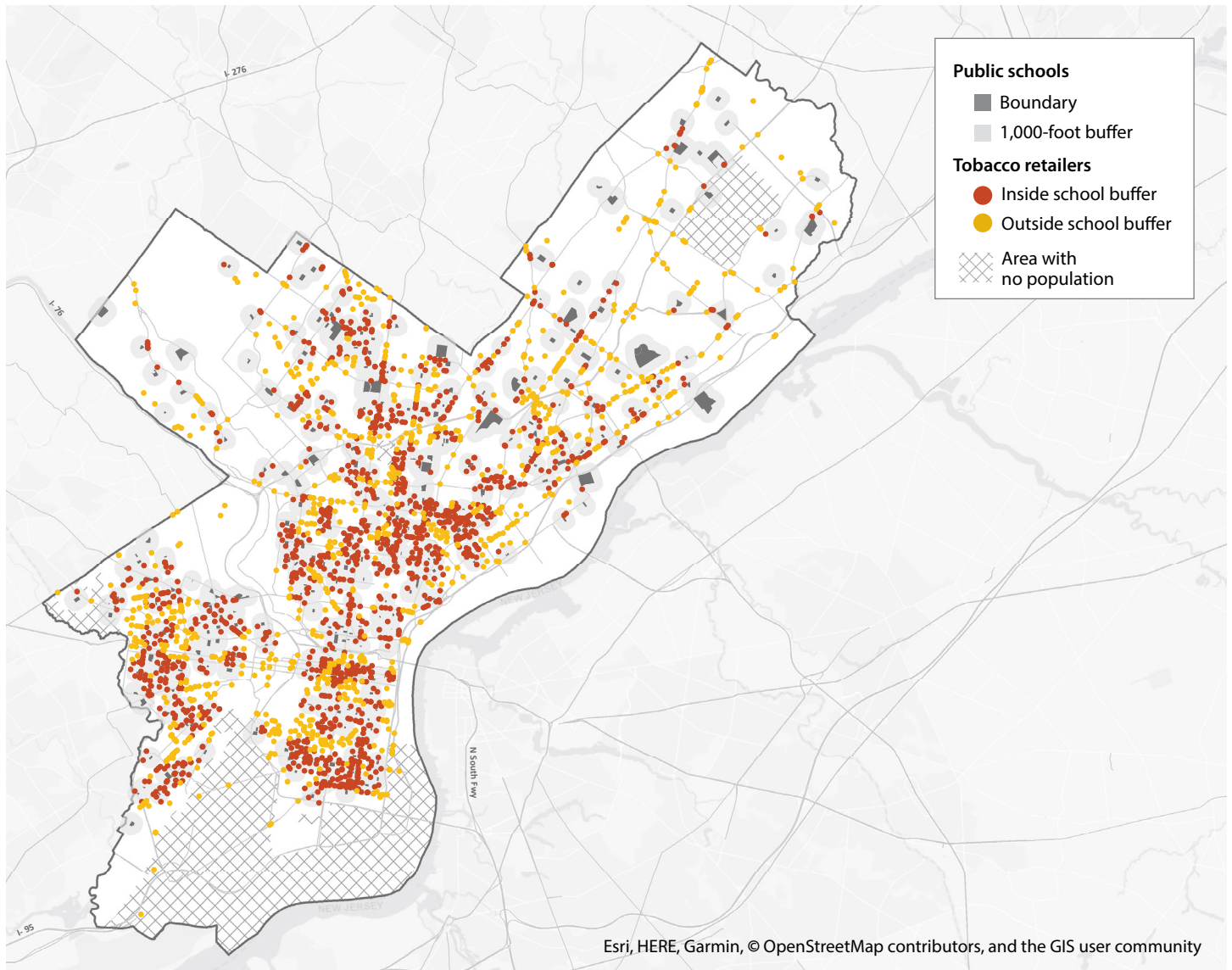
## Density & Income Disparity

**Lower-income neighborhoods (census tracts) typically have higher tobacco retailer density than higher-income neighborhoods.** Sometimes this depends on which measure of density is used.

Here is the median tobacco retailer density for tracts with the lowest and highest quartiles of household income in **Philadelphia**:



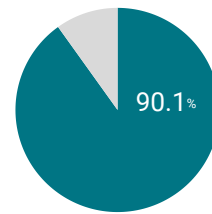
# Tobacco Retailers & Schools in Philadelphia



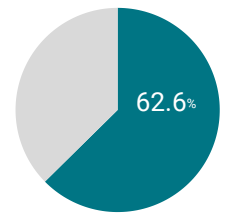
## The Philadelphia map illustrates that:

- ▶ **90.1% of public schools** are within 1,000 ft of a tobacco retailer
- ▶ **59.9% of tobacco retailers** are within 1,000 ft of a school

Philadelphia has more schools near tobacco retailers than the 30-city average



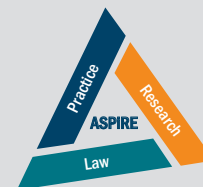
Philadelphia



30-city average

About these data: Tobacco retailers identified from a local licensing list (City of Philadelphia Dept of Public Health, Aug, 2019). McDonald's and Starbucks obtained from AggData (2020). City block length assumed to be 480 feet (<https://www.quora.com>). For census tracts, land area and roadway miles were obtained from TIGER/Line Shapefiles (machine-readable data files) prepared by the U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 (<https://www.census.gov/cgi-bin/geo/shapefiles/index.php>); population size and median household income obtained from American Community Survey (2013-2017). School boundary shape files were created by GreenInfo Network. ESRI ArcGIS 10.6.1 used for geocoding and maps. Suggested citation: Tobacco Retailer Density Fact Sheet for Philadelphia, PA (May, 2020), Advancing Science & Practice in the Retail Environment (ASPIRE, [aspirecenter.org](http://aspirecenter.org)), funded by the National Cancer Institute #P01-CA225597.

One in six US adults lives in one of the **30 ASPIRE Community Advisory Board (CAB) cities**. The cities vary with respect to state/local tobacco control policies and region. Products like this provide the 30 cities with readily usable snapshots of information on the consumer and built environments for tobacco in their cities and in comparison to the other cities. CAB representatives can use these products in communications with staff, policymakers, and other stakeholders.



Advancing Science & Practice in the Retail Environment

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